

ORDERING INFORMATION

PRODUCT	GenUP™ Virus DNA/RNA Kit		
CAT. NO.	BR0701101	BR0701102	BR0701103
SIZE	10 preps	50 preps	250 preps
COMPONENTS			
Buffer LYSIS LD	10 ml	25 ml	125 ml
Buffer BINDING BD	16 ml	60 ml	230 ml
CARRIER (lyophilized)	1 vial (add 1.25 ml Water, RNase-free)	1 vial (add 1.25 ml Water, RNase-free)	3 vials (add 1.25 ml Water, RNase-free)
Water, RNase-free (for CARRIER)	2 ml	2 ml	3 × 2 ml
Proteinase K (lyophilized)	1 vial (add 0.3 ml water)	1 vial (add 1.5 ml water)	4 vials (add 1.5 ml water)
Buffer WASH A (concentrate)	5 ml (add 5 ml ethanol)	15 ml (add 15 ml ethanol)	70 ml (add 70 ml ethanol)
Buffer WASH B (concentrate)	6 ml (add 24 ml ethanol)	16 ml (add 64 ml ethanol)	2 × 36 ml (add 144 ml ethanol)
Water, RNase-free (for ELUTION)	2 ml	2 × 2 ml	25 ml
Mini-Filter (blue)	10	50	5 × 50
Collection Tubes (2 ml)	60	6 × 50	30 × 50
Elution Tubes (1.5 ml)	10	50	5 × 50

STORAGE

Room temperature (until expiry date – see product label). If precipitation appears, gently warm the solution to dissolve the precipitate.

Store lyophilized and dissolved Proteinase K and CARRIER at 2–8 °C. Store aliquots of dissolved CARRIER at –20 °C.

FEATURES

- Universal kit for simultaneous RNA and DNA isolation from different starting materials
- Fast and simple procedure with sample-specific protocols
- High yields of pure RNA and DNA
- No DNase treatment, no toxic β-mercaptoethanol

APPLICATIONS

- Simultaneous viral DNA and RNA isolation from various sources
- Excellent performance for unknown viruses

DESCRIPTION

biotechrabbit™ GenUP Virus DNA/RNA Kit has been specially developed for quick and easy isolation of viral RNA and DNA. The kit is especially useful when the origin of the virus is unknown. Viral double-stranded DNA and single-stranded RNA are simultaneously isolated from eukaryotic samples, including plasma, serum, and other body fluids as well as cell cultures, tissues, and buccal swabs.

The unique binding membrane of our high-capacity Mini-Filters guaranties high yields. A high concentration of purified nucleic acid can be achieved with flexible elution volumes. The kit includes carrier RNA.

After a few initial procedures, the viral nucleic acids are bound to a Mini-Filter, washed and then eluted in a separate tube. The purified nucleic acids are ready to be used in all demanding molecular biology applications, including cDNA synthesis, northern blot analysis, qPCR and RT-PCR.

SPECIFICATION

STARTING MATERIAL	Eukaryotic cells (up to 5×10°) Serum, plasma, cell-free body fluids, cell culture supernatants (150 µl) Tissue samples, biopsies (up to 20 mg) Paraffin-embedded tissues, buccal swabs
EXTRACTION TIME	Approximately 25 min
TYPICAL YIELD	Yield is highly dependent on sample type

MATERIALS SUPPLIED BY THE USER

- 96–99.8 % ethanol (molecular biology grade, non-denatured)
- Double-distilled water, RNase-free
- PBS (Phosphate buffered saline) for tissue and biopsy samples
- 0.9 % NaCl for swabs
- Centrifugation tubes
- Pipette tips

STEPS BEFORE STARTING

 Add the following volume of 96–99.8 % ethanol to each buffer, close firmly, mix thoroughly and store at room temperature.

CAT. NO.		CONCENTRATE	ETHANOL	FINAL VOLUME
	BR0701101	5 ml	5 ml	10 ml
Buffer WASH A	BR0701102	15 ml	15 ml	30 ml
	BR0701103	70 ml	70 ml	140 ml
	BR0701101	6 ml	24 ml	30 ml
Buffer WASH B	BR0701102	16 ml	64 ml	80 ml
	BR0701103	36 ml	144 ml	180 ml

 Add the following volume of double-distilled water, RNase-free to each vial Proteinase K, mix thoroughly and store aliquots at 2–8 °C.

BR0701101 0.3 ml (6 mg Proteinase K per vial)

BR0701102, BR0701103 1.5 ml (30 mg Proteinase K per vial)

 Add 1.25 ml Water, RNase-free (for CARRIER), to each vial CARRIER, mix thoroughly and store 0.25 ml aliquots at -20 °C. CARRIER contains RNA: avoid contamination with RNases.

Before each purification, prepare a fresh mix of CARRIER and Buffer LYSIS LD. Store at 4 °C and use within one day.

Mixing scheme for protocols using 200 µl CARRIER-Buffer LYSIS LD aliquots.

COMPONENT	FOR 5 SAMPLES	FOR 10 SAMPLES	FOR N SAMPLES
Buffer LYSIS LD	1.2 ml	2.4 ml	240 μl × n
CARRIER solution prepared as above	60 µl	120 µl	12 µl × n
Final volume	1.26 ml	2.52 ml	252 μl × n

Mixing scheme for protocols using 400 µl CARRIER-Buffer LYSIS LD aliquots.

COMPONENT	FOR 5 SAMPLES	FOR 10 SAMPLES	FOR N SAMPLES
Buffer LYSIS LD	2.4 ml	4.8 ml	480 μl × n
CARRIER solution prepared as above	60 µl	120 μΙ	12 μl × n
Final volume	2.46 ml	4.92 ml	492 µl × n

- If the extraction tubes used are coated with carrier nucleic acids and internal control RNA, it
 is not necessary to use the CARRIER. The minimum amount of CARRIER should be optimized
 for each PCR method. Excessive CARRIER can inhibit PCR.
- The use of an internal control RNA as well as positive and negative controls to monitor the
 purification, amplification and detection processes is highly recommended. Control RNA can
 be added when preparing the CARRIER-Buffer LYSIS LD mix.
- Perform all centrifugation steps at room temperature.
- Before elution, the required volume of Water, RNase-free (for ELUTION), must be warmed to 70 °C.
- The final eluates contain both viral RNA and CARRIER, which is why photometric or fluorometric quantification of nucleic acids is not possible. qPCR is recommended to quantify the purified RNA.
- The sensitivity of virus detection is highly dependent on the procedure used (standard PCR or commercial detection kits).
- Mark all vials and filters to avoid confusion when purifying multiple samples.

GUIDELINES FOR PREVENTION OF RNA DEGRADATION

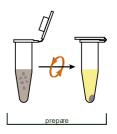
Special care should be taken to minimize contamination with RNases, as RNA is extremely sensitive to degradation.

- Always wear gloves and change them frequently.
- Keep all tubes closed when possible.
- Keep samples and isolated RNA on ice.
- Reduce preparation time as much as possible.
- Use only sterile, disposable polypropylene tubes throughout the procedure (these tubes are generally RNase-free).
- Non-disposable plastic ware should be treated before use to ensure that it is RNase-free.
 Plastic ware should be thoroughly rinsed with 0.1 M NaOH, 1 mM EDTA followed by RNase-free water. You can also take chloroform-resistant plastic ware rinsed with chloroform to inactivate RNases.
- All glassware should be treated before use to ensure that it is RNase-free.
 - Glassware should be cleaned with detergent, thoroughly rinsed and oven baked at 240 °C for four or more hours before use. Oven baking inactivates RNases and ensures that no other nucleic acids (such as plasmid DNA) are present on the surface of the glassware.
 - Autoclaving alone will not inactivate many RNases completely. The glassware should be immersed in 0.1 % diethylpyrocarbonate (DEPC) solution for 12 h at 37 °C before autoclaving or heating to 100 °C for 15 min to remove residual DEPC.
- Electrophoresis tanks should be cleaned with detergent solution (e.g., 0.5 % SDS), thoroughly rinsed with RNase-free water, rinsed with ethanol and finally allowed to dry.
- All buffers must be prepared with DEPC-treated RNase-free double-distilled water.
- Avoid handling bacterial cultures, cell cultures or other biological sources of RNases in the same lab where the RNA purification will be performed.
- Do not use equipment, glassware and plastic ware employed for other applications which
 might introduce RNase contaminations in the RNA isolation.

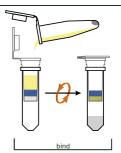
SHORT PROTOCOL

STEPS SCHEME

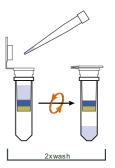
- Homogenize and lyse the sample material.
- · Centrifuge to pellet debris.



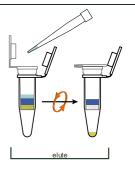
- Add Buffer BINDING BD and transfer to a Mini-Filter (blue ring).
- · Centrifuge.



- · Add Buffer WASH A and centrifuge.
- Add Buffer WASH B and centrifuge.
- Centrifuge once more to remove residual ethanol.



- Add Water, RNase-free (for ELUTION), incubate and centrifuge.
- DNA/RNA in the Elution Tube is ready for use.



PROTOCOL FOR ISOLATION OF VIRAL DNA/RNA FROM SERUM, PLASMA, CELL-FREE BODY FLUIDS AND CELL CULTURE SUPERNATANTS UP TO 200 µL

PROCEDURE NOTES

- Transfer 200 µl fresh CARRIER-Buffer LYSIS LD mix to an empty 1.5 ml reaction tube.
- Add 200 µl sample (serum, plasma, cell-free body fluids or cell culture supernatants).
- Add 20 ul Proteinase K.
- · Mix by pulse vortexing for 10 s.
- Incubate at 37–70 °C until the sample is completely lysed (approximately 10-30 min).
- Centrifuge briefly to collect the liquid at the bottom of the tube.

- Before use, prepare the CARRIER-Buffer LYSIS LD mix as described above.
- Use a shaking platform (thermomixer, water bath or other rocking platform) to ensure continuous shaking during lysis. Alternatively, vortex the sample 3-4 times during the incubation.
- The solution becomes clear when the lysis is complete. Incubation time depends on sample and temperature. Incomplete lysis can decrease RNA yield.
- Add 400 µl Buffer BINDING BD to the lysate and mix by vortexing or by pipetting up and down several times.

Option: Add internal control at this step.

- · Apply the sample to a Mini-Filter (blue) placed in a Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10,000 × g (12,000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.
- Add 500 µl Buffer WASH A to the Mini-Filter placed Before use, prepare Buffer WASH A as in a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10.000 × g (12.000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.
- If the solution has not completely passed through the Mini-Filter, centrifuge again at higher speed or prolong the centrifugation time.
- described above.
- Add 650 ul Buffer WASH B to the Mini-Filter placed Before use, prepare Buffer WASH B as in a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10.000 × g (12.000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.
- Add 650 µl Buffer WASH B to the Mini-Filter placed in a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10,000 × g (12,000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.
- Place the Mini-Filter into a new Collection Tube.
- · Centrifugation again for 5 min to remove residual ethanol.
- Discard the Collection Tube.

described above.

- · Place the Mini-Filter into an Elution Tube.
- Add 60 µl warm Water, RNase-free (for ELUTION), to the center of the Mini-Filter.
- Incubate at room temperature for 2 min.
- Centrifuge at 8,000 × g (10,000 rpm) for 1 min.
- · Discard the Mini-Filter.
- Purified DNA/RNA in the Elution Tube can be used immediately.
- Before use, prewarm the Water, RNasefree (for ELUTION), to 70 °C.
- To improve yield, perform elution twice using ½ volume of Water, RNase-free (for ELUTION).

 Store the DNA/RNA at 4 °C (short-term) or -80 °C (long-term).

PROTOCOL FOR ISOLATION OF VIRAL DNA/RNA FROM SERUM, PLASMA, CELL-FREE BODY FLUIDS AND CELL CULTURE SUPERNATANTS UP TO 400 µL

PROCEDURE NOTES

- Transfer 400 µl fresh CARRIER-Buffer LYSIS LD mix to an empty 2 ml reaction tube.
- Add 400 µl sample (serum, plasma, cell-free body fluids or cell culture supernatants).
- Add 20 µl Proteinase K.
- Mix by pulse vortexing for 10 s.
- Incubate at 37–70 °C until the sample is completely lysed (approximately 10–30 min).
- Centrifuge briefly to collect the liquid at the bottom of the tube.

- Before use, prepare the CARRIER-Buffer LYSIS LD mix as described above.
- Use a shaking platform (thermomixer, water bath or other rocking platform) to ensure continuous shaking during lysis. Alternatively, vortex the sample 3–4 times during the incubation.
- The solution becomes clear when the lysis is complete. Incubation time depends on sample and temperature. Incomplete lysis can decrease RNA yield.
- Add 800 µl Buffer BINDING BD to the lysate, and mix by vortexing or by pipetting up and down several times.
- Option: Add internal control at this step.
- Apply 650 µl sample to a Mini-Filter (blue) placed in a Collection Tube.
 If the solution has not completely passed through the Mini-Filter, centrifuge again
- Centrifuge at 10,000 × g (12,000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.
- Apply the remaining sample volume to the Mini-Filter placed in a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10,000 × g (12,000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.
- Add 500 µl Buffer WASH A to the Mini-Filter placed
 in a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10.000 × g (12.000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.

through the Mini-Filter, centrifuge again at higher speed or prolong the centrifugation time.

 Before use, prepare Buffer WASH A as described above.

- Add 650 µl Buffer WASH B to the Mini-Filter placed
 Before use, prepare Buffer WASH B as in a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10,000 × g (12,000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.
- described above
- Add 650 µl Buffer WASH B to the Mini-Filter placed in a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10,000 × g (12,000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.
- Place the Mini-Filter into a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifugation again for 5 min to remove residual ethanol.
- Discard the Collection Tube.
- Place the Mini-Filter into an Flution Tube.
- Add 60 µl warm Water, RNase-free (for ELUTION), to the center of the Mini-Filter.
- Incubate at room temperature for 2 min.
- Centrifuge at 8,000 × g (10,000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Mini-Filter.
- Purified DNA/RNA in the Elution Tube can be used immediately.
- · Before use, prewarm the Water, RNasefree (for ELUTION), to 70 °C.
- To improve vield, perform elution twice using ½ volume of Water, RNase-free (for ELUTION).

 Store the DNA/RNA at 4 °C (short-term) or -80 °C (long-term).

PROTOCOL FOR ISOLATION OF VIRAL DNA/RNA FROM TISSUE SAMPLES AND BIOPSIES

PROCEDURE

- Cut up to 20 mg tissue sample or biopsy into small
- Add 9 volumes PBS buffer or Water, RNase-free, to
 Avoid repeated freezing and thawing of make a 10 % (w/v) tissue suspension.
- Homogenized the sample using a commercial homogenization tool (bead-based or other).
- Centrifuge at maximum speed for 2 min to pellet debris. Use the supernatant in the next step.

NOTES

- Insufficient homogenization can decrease DNA/RNA yields.
- tissue samples.

- Transfer 200 ul fresh CARRIER-Buffer LYSIS LD mix to an empty 1.5 ml reaction tube.
- Add 200 µl particle-free sample (homogenized tissue).
- Add 20 µl Proteinase K.
- · Mix by pulse vortexing for 10 s.
- Incubate at 37-70 °C until the sample is completely lysed (approximately 10-30 min).
- Centrifuge briefly to collect the liquid at the bottom of the tube.

- Before use, prepare the CARRIER-Buffer LYSIS LD mix as described above.
- · Use a shaking platform (thermomixer, water bath or other rocking platform) to ensure continuous shaking during lysis. Alternatively, vortex the sample 3-4 times during the incubation.
- The solution becomes clear when the lysis is complete. Incubation time depends on sample and temperature. Incomplete lysis can decrease RNA yield.

• Add 400 µl Buffer BINDING BD to the lysate, and mix by vortexing or by pipetting up and down several times.

Option: Add internal control at this step.

- · Apply the sample to a Mini-Filter (blue) placed in a Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10,000 × g (12,000 rpm) for 1 min.
- · Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.
- Add 500 ul Buffer WASH A to the Mini-Filter placed
 Before use, prepare Buffer WASH A as in a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10,000 × g (12,000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.
- Add 650 µl Buffer WASH B to the Mini-Filter placed Before use, prepare Buffer WASH B as in a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10.000 × g (12.000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.
- Add 650 µl Buffer WASH B to the Mini-Filter placed in a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10,000 × g (12,000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.
- Place the Mini-Filter into a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifugation again for 5 min to remove residual ethanol.
- Discard the Collection Tube.
- Place the Mini-Filter into an Elution Tube.
- Add 60 µl warm Water, RNase-free (for ELUTION), to the center of the Mini-Filter.
- Incubate at room temperature for 2 min.
- Centrifuge at 8,000 × g (10,000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Mini-Filter.
- Purified DNA/RNA in the Elution Tube can be used immediately.

- If the solution has not completely passed through the Mini-Filter, centrifuge again at higher speed or prolong the centrifugation time.
- described above.

described above.

- Before use, prewarm the Water, RNasefree (for ELUTION), to 70 °C.
- To improve yield, perform elution twice using ½ volume of Water, RNase-free (for ELUTION).
- Store the DNA/RNA at 4 °C (short-term) or -80 °C (long-term).

PROTOCOL FOR ISOLATION OF VIRAL DNA/RNA FROM SWABS

PROCEDURE

NOTES

- Transfer 0.9 % NaCl to a 1.5 ml reaction tube.
- Submerge the swab in the liquid. If the shaft of the swab interferes with closing the tube, it can be cut off.
- Before use, prepare the 0.9 % NaCl as described above.
- Insufficient lysis can decrease DNA/RNA yield.
- Incubate at room temperature for 15 min.
- After incubation, mix well. Shake the liquid from the swab into the tube and squeeze the swab on the wall of the tube to transfer as much liquid as possible to the tube.
- Discard the swab.
- Transfer 200 ul fresh CARRIER-Buffer LYSIS LD mix to an empty 1.5 ml reaction tube.
- Add 200 µl particle-free sample (liquid from swab).
- Add 20 ul Proteinase K.
- Mix by pulse vortexing for 10 s.
- Incubate at 37–70 °C until the sample is completely lysed (approximately 10-30 min).
- Centrifuge briefly to collect the liquid at the bottom of the tube.

- Before use, prepare the CARRIER-Buffer LYSIS LD mix as described above.
- Use a shaking platform (thermomixer, water bath or other rocking platform) to ensure continuous shaking during lysis. Alternatively, vortex the sample 3-4 times during the incubation.
- The solution becomes clear when the lysis is complete. Incubation time depends on sample and temperature. Incomplete lysis can decrease RNA yield.
- Add 400 µl Buffer BINDING BD to the lysate and mix by vortexing or by pipetting up and down several times.
- · Option: Add internal control at this step.
- Apply the sample to a Mini-Filter (blue) placed in a Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10,000 × g (12,000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.
- If the solution has not completely passed through the Mini-Filter, centrifuge again at higher speed or prolong the centrifugation time.

described above.

- Add 500 µl Buffer WASH A to the Mini-Filter placed Before use, prepare Buffer WASH A as in a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10,000 × g (12,000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.
- described above.
- Add 650 µl Buffer WASH B to the Mini-Filter placed Before use, prepare Buffer WASH B as in a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10.000 × g (12.000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.
- Add 650 µl Buffer WASH B to the Mini-Filter placed in a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifuge at 10.000 × g (12.000 rpm) for 1 min.
- Discard the Collection Tube with the filtrate.

- Place the Mini-Filter into a new Collection Tube.
- Centrifugation again for 5 min to remove residual ethanol.
- · Discard the Collection Tube.
- · Place the Mini-Filter into an Elution Tube.
- Add 60 µl warm Water, RNase-free (for ELUTION), to the center of the Mini-Filter.
- Incubate at room temperature for 2 min.
- Centrifuge at 8,000 × g (10,000 rpm) for 1 min.
- · Discard the Mini-Filter.
- Purified DNA/RNA in the Elution Tube can be used immediately.
- Before use, prewarm the Water, RNasefree (for ELUTION), to 70 °C.
- To improve yield, perform elution twice using ½ volume of Water, RNase-free (for ELUTION).
- Store the DNA/RNA at 4 °C (short-term) or -80 °C (long-term).

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- This kit is made for single use only!
- Don't eat or drink components of the kit!
- The kit shall only be handled by educated personnel in a laboratory environment!
- Wear gloves while handling these reagents and avoid skin contact! In case of contact, flush with water immediately!
- Handle and discard waste according to local safety regulations!
- Do not add bleach or acidic components to the waste after sample preparation!
- Buffer WASH A contains guanidine isothiocyanate, which is harmful to health. Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas!

TROUBLESHOOTING	
PROBLEM	SOLUTION
CLOGGED MINI-FILTER	
Excessive starting material, insufficient lysis	Follow recommendations for the maximum amount of starting material. Perform lysis until the solution becomes clear and viscosity decreases.
LOW YIELD	
Excessive starting material, insufficient lysis	Follow recommendations for the maximum amount of starting material. Perform lysis until the solution becomes clear and viscosity decreases. Higher temperatures are more effective.
Incomplete elution	Prolong the elution incubation up to 5 min. Repeat elution. Use the recommended volume of Water, RNase-free (for ELUTION).
Incorrect binding	Ensure the sample and Buffer BINDING BD are mixed to homogeneity.
LOW DNA/RNA CONCENTI	RATION
Excessive elution volume	Prewarm the Water, RNase-free (for ELUTION), as described. Do not exceed the recommended volume of water. Perform two elution steps each with half of the total elution volume. The first eluate normally exhibits a higher RNA concentration than the second eluate.
No CARRIER used	Use the CARRIER as described to increase yield and nucleic acid concentration.
DEGRADED RNA	
RNA source inappropriately handled or stored	Ensure that the starting material is fresh. Ensure that the protocol — especially the first steps — has been performed quickly.
RNase contamination of solutions, tubes, etc.	Use sterile, RNase-free filter tips. Before every RNA preparation, clean the pipette, devices and working place. Always wear gloves.
DNA/RNA DOES NOT PERF	FORM WELL IN OTHER APPLICATIONS (PCR OR RT-PCR)
Ethanol carryover	Increase centrifugation time for removing ethanol.
Salt carryover during elution	Ensure that Buffer WASH A and Buffer WASH B are at room temperature. If a buffer contains precipitate, dissolve the precipitate by warming carefully.

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

The components of the kit were tested for simultaneous viral RNA and DNA purification from liquid samples and subsequent analysis of purified nucleic acids in qPCR. The kit is tested for following viruses: hepatitis B, cytomegalovirus. Epstein–Barr virus and herpes simplex.

Quality confirmed by: Head of Quality Control

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

For safety instructions please see Safety Data Sheets (SDS): Sicherheitshinweise finden Sie in den Sicherheitsdatenblättern (SDB) unter: http://www.biotechrabbit.com/support/documentation.html

USEFUL HINTS

- Visit Applications at www.biotechrabbit.com for more products and product selection guides.
- Most biotechrabbit products are available in custom formulations and bulk amounts.

CONTACT BIOTECHRABBIT

biotechrabbit GmbH Volmerstr. 9 12489 Berlin, Germany info@biotechrabbit.com support@biotechrabbit.com www.biotechrabbit.com

Phone: +49 30 555 7821 10 Fax: +49 30 555 7821 99



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LIMITATION OF USE

For Research Use Only. biotechrabbit does not assume any warranty regarding the design, merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose of the product, especially, but not limited to, for any *in vitro* diagnostic or other usages of the products. It is the sole responsibility of the customer to obtain the required approvals from the competent authorities. The product is not suitable for administration to humans or animals.

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